Comparative In Silico Analysis of Protein Allergens in Different Legume Foods

Hamidani Lydia¹, Arioua Khalil², Djeffal Zeyneb¹, Boutebba Aissa¹.

¹Laboratory of biochemistry and applied microbiology Department of biochemistry Faculty of sciences, Badji Mokhtar University, Annaba, Algeria.
²Lobachevsky University, Nizhny Novgorod (UNN), Russia.

E-mail: lydiahamidani@outlook.fr

Abstract – Peanut, sesame, lentil and cowpea are protein-rich legumes widely consumed in the human diet. However, some so-called allergenic proteins are capable of causing adverse reactions in genetically predisposed individuals. They contain portions consisting of contiguous linear segments of amino acids involved in binding with specific IgE. They also have three-dimensional conformational patterns that cross-link with antibodies from susceptible individuals.

In this work, the identity and similarity between certain allergenic proteins of peanut, lentil, sesame and cowpea are studied by global alignment. The latter is carried out on 35 allergenic proteins (14 from peanut, 4 from sesame, 9 from lentil and 8 from cowpea) using the EMBOSS Needle software which uses the Needleman-Wunsch algorithm and assigns scores to the pairs of amino acids aligned using a specific BLOSUM substitution matrix. For statistical analysis, the dependency test and the chi-square test are used in GraphPad Prism.

The results show that the overall alignment between allergenic proteins from the same food (Sesame - Sesame) and different foods (Peanut - Sesame, Peanut - Lentil, Sesame - Lentil, and Sesame - Cowpea) has low identity and similarity.

The overall alignment between the allergenic proteins of the same food (Peanut – Peanut, Lentil – Lentil and Cowpea – Cowpea) and of different foods (Peanut – Cowpea and Lentil - Cowpea) shows a high identity and similarity, relative to the result of the chi-square test (P<0.0001)

The possibility of cross-reactivity between cowpea – peanut and cowpea - lentil is shown.

Keywords – Food Legumes, Allergenic Proteins, Global Alignment, Identity, Similarity.